

## WJEC England Biology GCSE 5 - Photosynthesis

**Flashcards** 

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## What is photosynthesis?











#### What is photosynthesis?

A chemical reaction that takes place inside photosynthetic organisms (e.g. plants, algae) converting light energy into chemical energy











## Write the word equation for photosynthesis









Write the word equation for photosynthesis

carbon dioxide + water → glucose + oxygen









#### Why is photosynthesis important?









#### Why is photosynthesis important?

- Produces glucose which is used in respiration to release energy
- Glucose used to make complex organic molecules which are required for growth by plants
- Animals rely on these organic molecules which are transferred between organisms through food chains
- Produces oxygen which is required by organisms for respiration









Where does photosynthesis take place?











Where does photosynthesis take place?

Within chloroplasts











What type of reaction is photosynthesis?











What type of reaction is photosynthesis?

An endothermic reaction that takes in energy (in the form of light)









#### What is required for photosynthesis?













#### What is required for photosynthesis?

- Carbon dioxide
- Water
- Light
- Chlorophyll











What is the role of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) in photosynthesis?











What is the role of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) in photosynthesis?

Provides the carbon (C) and oxygen (O) found in glucose











## What is the role of water (H<sub>2</sub>O) in photosynthesis?











What is the role of water (H<sub>2</sub>O) in photosynthesis?

- Provides the hydrogen (H) found in glucose
- Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) is released as a by-product









Why is light required for photosynthesis?











Why is light required for photosynthesis?

Provides the energy required for chemical reactions in photosynthesis









#### What is chlorophyll?











What is chlorophyll?

A pigment found in chloroplasts that absorbs light











#### Describe the two main stages of photosynthesis











#### Describe the two main stages of photosynthesis

- 1. Chlorophyll absorbs light energy which is used to split water into oxygen gas (waste product) and hydrogen ions
- 2. Carbon dioxide combines with hydrogen ions to form glucose









## What are the chemical reactions of photosynthesis controlled by?











What are the chemical reactions of photosynthesis controlled by?

Enzymes











## What factors affect the rate of photosynthesis?











What factors affect the rate of photosynthesis?

- Temperature
- Light intensity
- Carbon dioxide concentration









#### What is a limiting factor? (higher)











What is a limiting factor? (higher)

A variable that limits the rate of a particular reaction











#### Explain how temperature affects the rate of photosynthesis











# Explain how temperature affects the rate of photosynthesis

- Higher temperatures provide more KE for enzymes involved in photosynthesis so the rate increases as temperature rises
- The optimum temperature is usually 25°C
- If the temperature becomes too high (around 45°C) enzymes become denatured and the rate of photosynthesis decreases









Draw a graph to show the effect of increasing temperature on the rate of photosynthesis



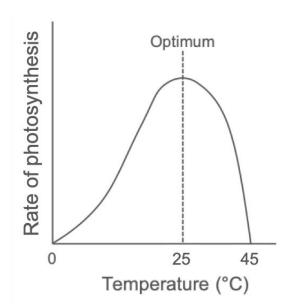








Draw a graph to show the effect of increasing temperature on the rate of photosynthesis













## Explain how light intensity affects the rate of photosynthesis











Explain how light intensity affects the rate of photosynthesis

Rate of photosynthesis is directly proportional to light intensity ... as light intensity increases, the rate of photosynthesis increases.











Why does the rate of photosynthesis eventually plateau even if light intensity continues to increase? (higher)









Why does the rate of photosynthesis eventually plateau even if light intensity continues to increase? (higher)

Another factor (temperature or CO<sub>2</sub> concentration) becomes limiting.









Draw a graph to show the effect of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis



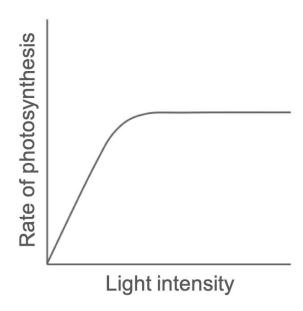








Draw a graph to show the effect of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis











## Explain how carbon dioxide concentration affects the rate of photosynthesis











Explain how carbon dioxide concentration affects the rate of photosynthesis

As carbon dioxide concentration increases, the rate of photosynthesis increases









Why does the rate of photosynthesis eventually plateau even if CO<sub>2</sub> concentration continues to increase? (higher)











Why does the rate of photosynthesis eventually plateau even if CO<sub>2</sub> concentration continues to increase? (higher)

Another factor (temperature or light intensity) becomes limiting.









Draw a graph to show the effect of carbon dioxide concentration on the rate of photosynthesis



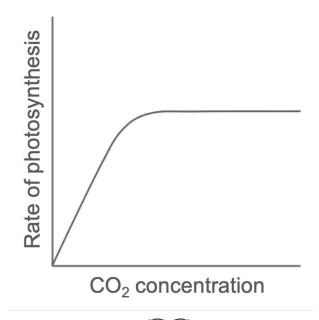








Draw a graph to show the effect of carbon dioxide concentration on the rate of photosynthesis













## When does temperature become a limiting factor? (higher)











When does temperature become a limiting factor? (higher)

When temperature drops too low on cold winter days











## When does light intensity become a limiting factor? (higher)











When does light intensity become a limiting factor? (higher)

At night











When does carbon dioxide concentration become a limiting factor? (higher)











## When does carbon dioxide concentration become a limiting factor? (higher)

 Atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations generally remain constant

 CO<sub>2</sub> only becomes limiting when light intensity and temperature are not limiting factors





